

The Size of Campus – Considerations and Analyses

Friday, September 8th, 2017

Board of Trustees of the University of Oregon

Agenda

- Cost Drivers
- Tuition Revenue
- Potential Ways to Close the Gap
- Campus Growth



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Cost Drivers E&G Fund

Annual Typical Cost Drivers	FY17-FY18 Average Cost Increase
Faculty and Staff Salary and Wages	\$9.3M
GE Salary and Benefits	\$1.1M
Medical Costs	\$1.9M
Institutional Expenses	\$1.2M
Strategic Investments (includes \$1 million for new faculty)	\$2.0M
Investments in Tenure Track Faculty	\$1.5M
Total Project Cost Increases	\$17.0M

➤ However, these totals do not include rising PERS costs.

Cost DriversPERS Costs

Projected Increases	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22
E & G Fund	\$7.1M	\$0	\$7.1M	\$0	\$7.1M
Other	\$3.4M	\$0	\$3.4M	\$0	\$3.4M
Total	\$10.5M	\$0	\$10.5M	\$0	\$10.5M

If PERS unfunded liabilities continue to grow, charges to the University of Oregon could grow significantly in future years.

Cost Drivers

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Investments in Tenure Track Faculty	\$1.5M
Retirement Costs (\$7.1M every other year)	\$3.5M
Total Project Cost Increases	\$20.5M

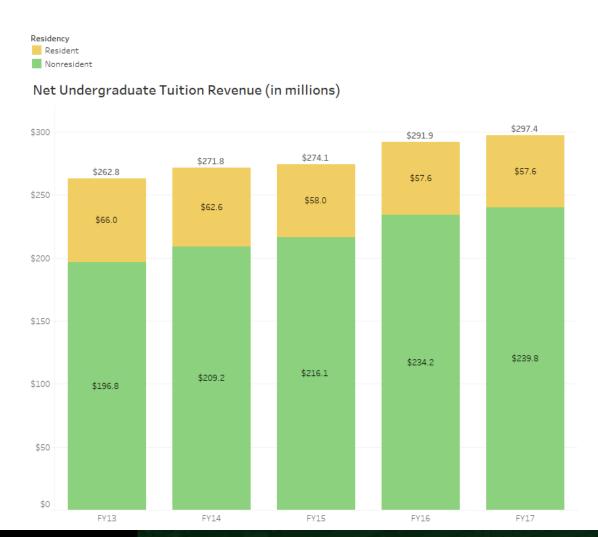
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In FY17, 80.6% of net tuition came from non-resident students

Undergraduate Tuition Revenue and Enrollment



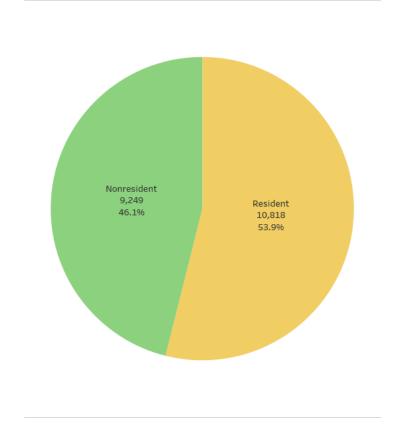
Undergraduate Tuition Revenue and Enrollment



Net Undergraduate Tuition Revenue (in millions)

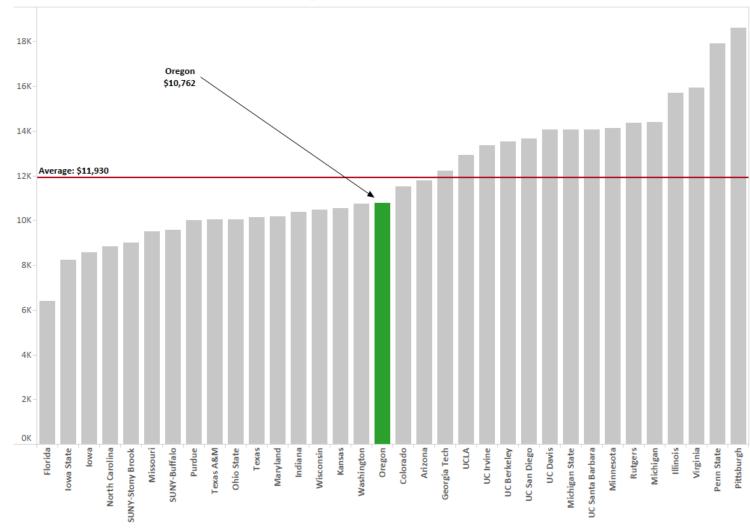


2016-17 Undergraduate Enrollment by Residency



AAU Publics

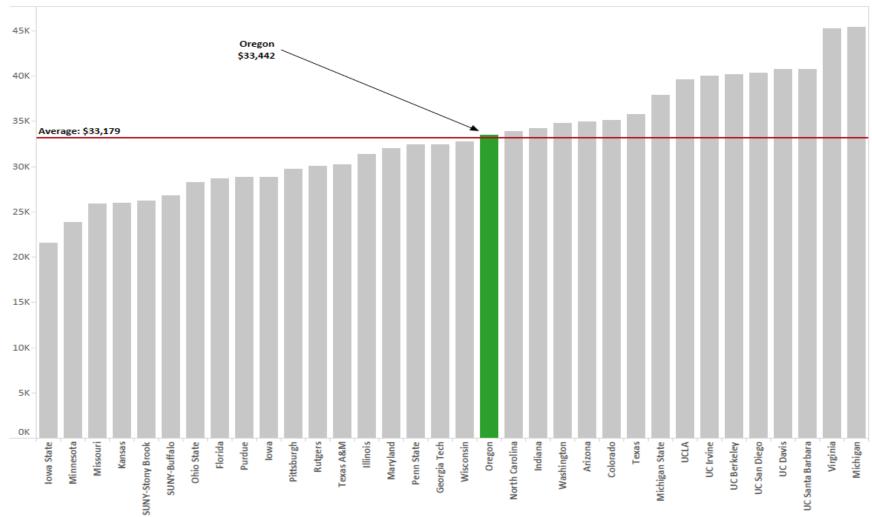
2016-17 Tuition and Fees Resident Full-time Undergraduate



Source: AAUDE Tuition and Fees.

AAU Publics

2016-17 Tuition and Fees Nonresident Full-time Undergraduate



Source: AAUDE Tuition and Fees.

For each 1% increase in undergraduate tuition, overall revenue increases*:

Resident	\$800k
Non-resident	\$2.5M

^{*}Totals account for fee remissions and summer revenue

Annual E&G Cost drivers likely to be around \$20.5M

Non-resident Tuition Rate Increase

Increase	Percent Increase (Per Student Annually)	2.0% (\$650)	2.5% (\$813)			5.0% (\$1,627)
Rate Inc	2.0% (\$190)	\$6.6M	\$7.8M	\$9.1M	\$11.6M	\$14.1M
Tuition R	3.0% (<i>\$285</i>)	\$7.4M	\$8.6M	\$9.9M	\$12.4M	\$14.9M
ent Tui	4.0% (\$380)	\$8.1M	\$9.4M	\$10.6M	\$13.2M	\$15.7M
Resident	5.0% <i>(\$475)</i>	\$8.9M	\$10.1M	\$11.4M	\$13.9M	\$16.5M

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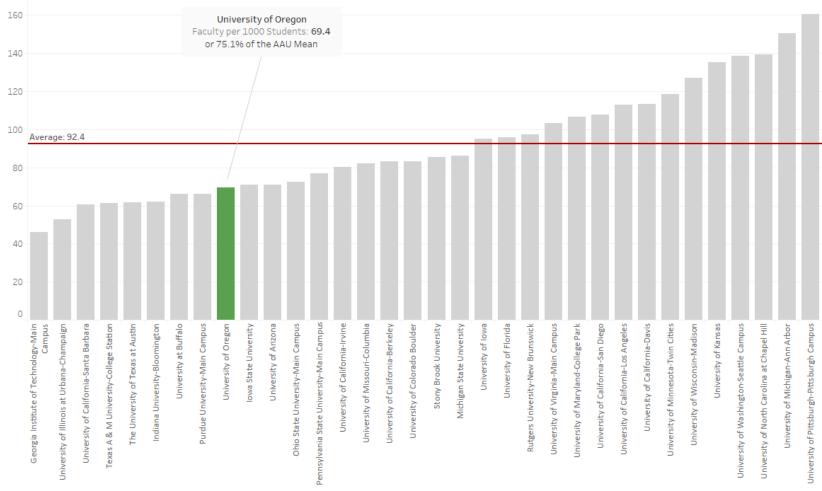
- New and Expanded Graduate Programs
 - Expanded graduate revenue from programs in Business,
 Journalism and Design launched
 - After accounting for necessary teaching and administrative costs, new net revenue from all programs likely to be around \$1 million

- Further Cost Cutting / Efficiencies
 - Historical Cost Cutting already incorporated into budgets:
 - FY17 Administrative Cuts \$3.0M
 - FY17 CAS Cost Cut \$3.3M
 - FY18 Presidential Directed Cuts-\$4.5M
 - FY15 FY18 Efficiencies Savings \$8.8M one time;
 \$4.6 M \$5.6M recurring

 University will continue to actively look for ways to operate more efficiently

Comparison of Faculty per 1,000 Students

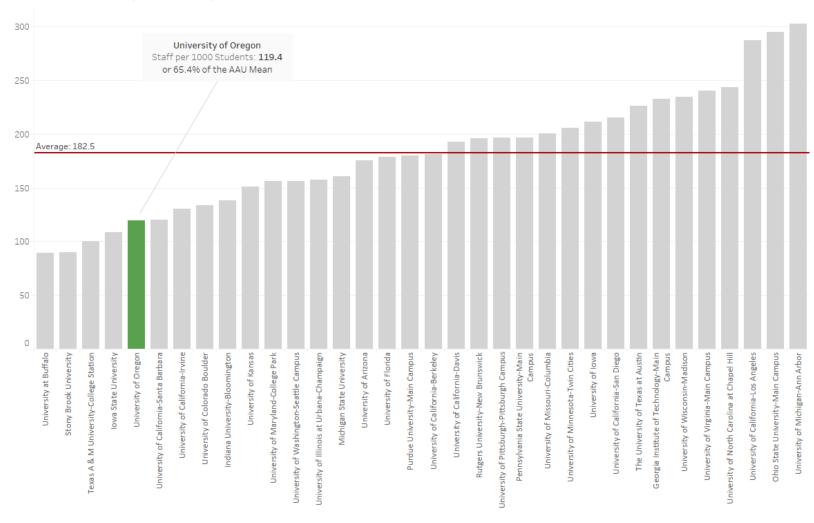
Faculty per Students



Note: The ratio of faculty to students is based on faculty FTE to student FTE. Source: IPEDS Human Resources and Enrollment (FY2016).

Comparison of Staffing per 1,000 Students

Noninstructional (Nonmedical) Staff per Students



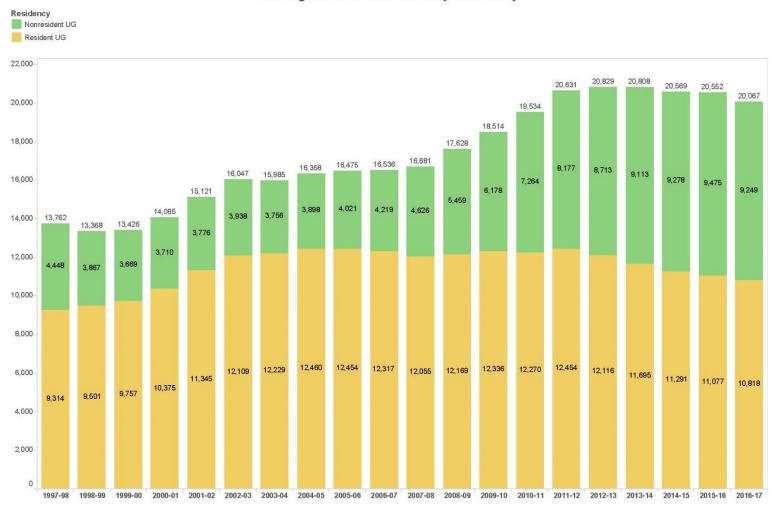
- Expand Online Education
 - College of Arts and Sciences (CAS) currently developing online options for current courses
 - TBD, but will require significant upfront investment
 - Coordination of online education assigned to
 Provost office and investment funds identified

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UNIVERSITY OF OREGON Undergraduate Enrollment by Residency



Financial Impact of Growth

	Resident	Non-Resident
Number of Additional New Students	100	100
Tuition Per Student	\$9,495	\$32,535
Gross Tuition Revenue (Net of fee remissions)	\$854,550	\$2,928,150

These totals represent gross revenue and do not account for costs.

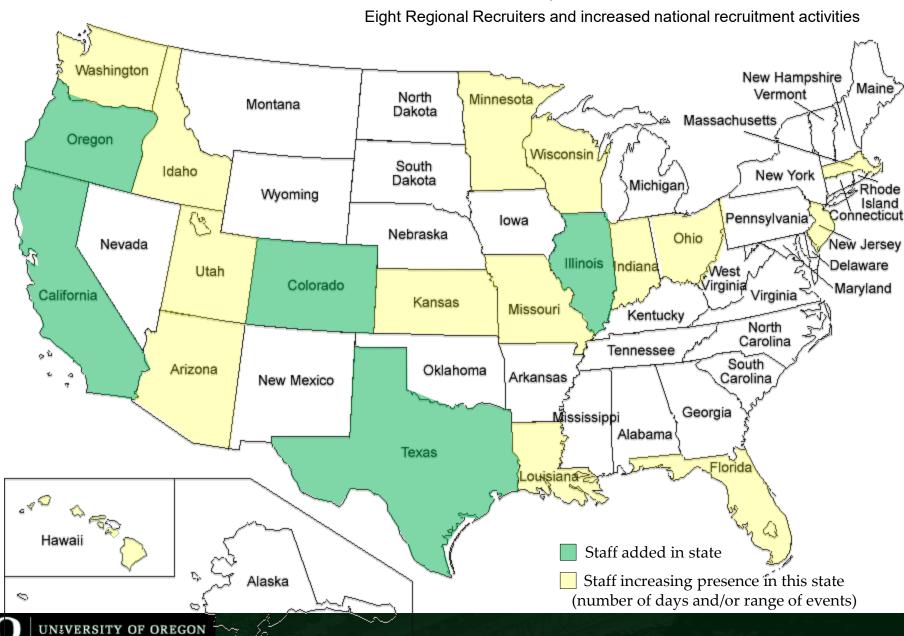
 Assumed Growth – adding 3,000 students over a period of eight years

- Necessary investments
 - Recruiting
 - Classroom/Faculty Office Building
 - Additional new residence hall
 - Variable Costs

Recruiter Locations: Fall 2017 Cycle



Recruiter Locations: Fall 2018 Cycle



 Assumed Growth – 3,000 students over a period of eight years

- Necessary investments
 - Recruiting
 - Classroom/Faculty Office Building
 - Minimum of 45,000-60,000 gross square foot building needed to support classroom and faculty offices for student growth
 - Additional new residence hall
 - Variable Costs additional investments related to cost of education after the first 750 new additional students

Financial Projections

	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26
Entering Freshmen	4.450	4.450	4.450	4.500	4.675	4 775	4.050	4.000
	4,150	4,450	4,450	4,500	4,675	4,775	4,850	4,900
Total Undergrads								
(Admitted)	19,892	20,370	20,782	21,174	21,619	22,001	22,348	22,658
Incremental Revenue								
from Enrollment Growth	\$7.9M	\$14.2M	\$12.2M	\$12.1M	\$14.2M	\$13.6M	\$13.4M	\$12.7M
Incremental Investment								
Recruiting	\$1.3M	\$245k	-	-	-	-	-	-
Incremental Investment								
New Classroom Building	_	\$3.1M	_	_	_	_	_	_
new classicom bananig		75.111						
Incremental Investment								
Variable Costs		\$224k	\$5.4M	\$5.5M	\$6.5M	\$6.0M	\$5.9M	\$5.6M
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Not Povonuo	¢6 6N4	¢10 6N4	¢6 ONA	¢6 6N4	¢7.7N4	¢7.6N4	¢7 EN/	¢7.1N/
Net Revenue	\$6.6M	\$10.6M	\$6.8M	\$6.6M	\$7.7M	\$7.6M	\$7.5M	\$7.1M

Summary

Annual Cost Drivers

\$20.5 million

Net Revenue from Tuition Rate Increases

\$8.0 million - \$11.0 million

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Summary

Annual Cost Drivers \$20.5 million

Net Revenue from Tuition Rate \$8.0 million - \$11.0 million

Increases

Net Revenue from Enrollment \$7.0 million - \$7.5 million

Growth (out years)

State Appropriation (estimate) \$2.0 million

Remainder (covered by further cost cutting, new grad programs, fundraising, additional growth, etc.)

\$0 - \$3.5 million

Risks

- Significant cut in state appropriation
- Drop in non-resident student demand
- Further deterioration of PERS

Deferred maintenance in critical buildings